

bargo temporarily ruined their business and crippled their resources. However, he continued in the same business until his removal to the West in 1843. He was advised to go West by his physician, who thought it would prolong his life. In those early days, there was no railroad connection with the West, and the journey had to be made by water to New Orleans and thence up the Mississippi River. He and his wife came West with his son Cornelius and family. They stopped at New Haven, Ill., where another son, Joseph, had settled, but found the climate there too malarial, and therefore Cornelius, Jr., went further up the Mississippi in search of a more desirable location. He stopped at Bloomington (now Muscatine), Iowa, and was so pleased with the place that he went back to New Haven and returned with his father and mother and his own family. But the long and trying voyage, together with the malaria contracted in southern Illinois, had so weakened the parents that the mother died three hours after their arrival at Muscatine, and the father died the next day, October 25, 1843. They were buried together.

Cornelius Cadle (20), the founder of the family in America, was evidently finely educated, and of a cheerful, happy and philosophic disposition. All this is indicated by the copies of his letters to his family in England, which have been preserved.